

32160-30,000-8/38

From Whom ...

Director of Gardens.

Place ...

3.

Date ...

Departmental  
Reference  
Numbers

SUBJECT

Food Production at Botanic Gardens.

Index Reference

Connected  
papers

B. B. ...

Vol. ...

No Minutes should be written on this Page



Raji Amin

Saroni - (pat. Ibratun)

Karnas

Murid 2

Tali

Tali

Mat Suai (A. P. P. ut. ut.)

Murid 2

Y

C

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V

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V

V

V

V

P

A

2



Marzo

Sweet Corn

U.S. D. A. 34

Label

---

Red Label

---

Sweet Potato Red No 3  
Serdang

---

Sweet Potato Red No 4  
Serdang

---

Sweet Potato  
Big Yellow  
Serdang

enclosed herewith a  
and experience.

Looking forward



The north temperate Horse-Chestnut trees (*Aesculus*) which are sometimes included in the Sapindaceae.

1234  
E

Large Red Cherry  
" Margherite

1234  
E  
1234  
E  
1234  
E

1234  
A  
1234  
B

flowers, ~~and~~ the pinnate leaf without a terminal leaflet, and the groove or pit at the base of the leaf-stalk which is continuous with a groove on the wing. The last leaflet on the leaf-stalk may appear to be terminal but, actually, in all cases (except *Paranephelium*) a small spike ~~will~~ can be found on one side of the stalk of this leaflet to indicate the real end of the leaf-stalk. The Rambutan, and Kelat hoya (*Simoglossum*) and Hop Tree (*Arfeuillea*) ~~are~~ provide the best introduction.

It is not easy to distinguish the genera ~~usually~~ without the fruit. The flowers are ~~characteristic~~ also distinctive ~~of the genera~~ but, being small. ~~It is they are~~



1. *Phragmites*

2000

ca. 10

Caustic

1. In the first case, the system is in a state of equilibrium.

✓ Q. 2. f

~~(1st - 1st - 1st)~~  
- Early Breakfast (1st - 1st - 1st)

L. Strah

11. Bei ...

12-1-19

10

✓ Boring

Along Purple  
Rough at bottom  
Round green

24-6-11

Pauline

*[Faint handwritten notes]*

✓ Lee's

Dr. J. H. H. H.

Spring, 1900.

26521

✓

Can check

24-6-41

115

1. 1. 1.

should die the Company will pay his Estate the full face value of the policy without any deductions whatsoever, but should he be alive at the end of the 20th year, having had 20 years full insurance cover for only the first 10 years premiums, the Company will return to him in cash more than half of the premiums he has paid them. This amount of cash, together with dividend accumulations for the first 10 years, will amount to about two-thirds of the premiums he has paid.

N.B. The above is applicable to a 20 Year Endowment Policy issued at age 35. The Table in each policy varies, of course, with the age of the assured and the plan of assurance but the basic principles are applicable to every policy.

W. Allan Eley.

Manager,  
South Eastern Asia.



# Plot A Beds No. 1-14.

Far Half

Near Half

1	X Brinjals Long White	Brinjals Long Purple
2	Cauliflower Early Market 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Cauliflower Early Market 2 <sup>nd</sup> Planting
3	Leeks 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Radish 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting
4	Tomato Red Cherry 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Carrots Inimitable 2 <sup>nd</sup> Planting
5	Carrots Chantenay 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Tomato Marylobe 1 <sup>st</sup> planting
6	Brinjals Round White	Brinjals Round Purple
7	Spring Onions 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Carrots Early Horn 1 <sup>st</sup> planting
8	Turnip 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Spring Onions 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting
9	Tomato Red Cherry 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting	Kobak 1 <sup>st</sup> planting
10	Kobak 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting	Tomato Marylobe 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting
11	Beetroot Suttons Globe 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Beetroot Yates Oblong 1 <sup>st</sup> planting
12	Parsnip Improved Hollow Crown 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Parsnip Improved Hollow Crown 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting
13	Beetroot Suttons Globe 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting	Beetroot Yates Oblong 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting
14	Artichokes 1 <sup>st</sup> planting	Artichokes 2 <sup>nd</sup> planting

Carrot

Leek was  
planted

Silver Beet.  
30/5  
("Inimitable", not  
determinable)

KEH.

It is requested that the following  
number be quoted in the reply  
to this letter.

CENTRAL EXPERIMENT STATION,  
SERDANG, SUNGEI BESI, P.O.,  
FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

No. 3 in Ser. 71/41.

24th June, 1941.

Dear Corner,

The greater part of the material you asked for is  
being railed to you free of charge on 26.6.41. There are a few  
comments to be made.

Yams - Plants cannot be supplied, but tubers (sprouted if  
possible) of each of the following varieties are being  
sent:-

Greater Yam - No. 30 (Philippine introduction).  
" " " 64 ( " " ).  
" " " 100 (Indo-China " ).  
Lesser " No. 288 ( " " ).  
" " " 270 (Philippine " ).  
" " " "Cush-Cush". (Mauritius " ).

Sweet Potatoes - Cuttings of the following varieties are being  
sent:-

Samar Big Yellow (a yellow fleshed variety intro-  
duced from Philippines).  
Red No. 3 (a local selection).  
White No. 4 ( " " ).

Bananas - Three suckers of each of the following popular varieties  
are being sent:-

Pisang Embun.  
" Rastali.  
" Mas.  
" Masak Hijau.

Kumquat - Milsum tells me that the correct name of the plant at  
Serdang is Citrus Swinglei, Burkill. I am afraid I  
have no young plants but I will send 12 fruits instead  
from which you can get the seed and raise the seedlings.

Rough Lemon. ) Plants of these, are also not available and here  
Seville Orange. ) too I am sending fruits instead.

Lemon - Villa Franca)  
" Granda) Vegetative material of these is obviously  
Genoa ) necessary, and since marcots are not available  
at present they will be prepared and sent to  
you early in 1942.

Cover Crops - Stocks of seed of Centrosema, Calapogonium, Dolichos  
and Pueraria are not kept at Serdang. Planters Stores  
or Whitalls would probably be glad to give you a  
small packet of seed of each. Mikania scandens is  
usually established from cuttings and if you cannot  
get these in Singapore, we can arrange to send you  
some down.

Sugar Cane - The variety being sent is Hong Kong No. 1.

Yours sincerely,

E.J.H. Corner, Esq.,  
Botanic Gardens,  
Singapore.





F.M.S. RAILWAYS.

No 34801

Receiving  
Station No.RECEIPT NOTE FOR CONSIGNMENTS CARRIED  
BY TRAIN.

Station

19

Received from (NAME)

(ADDRESS)

the undermentioned for conveyance by <sup>Goods</sup> ~~Passenger~~ trainto Singapore Station for

(NAME)

(ADDRESS)

subject to the By-laws and Regulations of the Federated Malay States Railways  
(or any amendments thereof or supplements thereto)

Charges payable by

(Here insert "Consignor" or "Consignee.")

R. P., K. L.

No. of WAGON IF BY GOODS TRAIN.	No. of ARTICLES.	DESCRIPTION.	MARKS AND Nos.	WEIGHT.	
				P.	K.
	One	Box Ballast & Rub			
	One	Trunk Suitcase			
	One	Trunk (Luggage)			
	One	Box Ballast & Rub			

I hereby undertake to relieve the Federated Malay States Railways from all liability in case of loss, damage, injury, delay or misdelivery to any articles mentioned above which are classified in accordance with the General Classification of goods as conveyed at owner's risk, except upon proof that such loss, damage, injury, delay or misdelivery arose from wilful misconduct on the part of a Railway servant, subject to the condition that:

I desire the following articles

(if no articles to be

enumerated here, write, Nil.)

mentioned above, which are ordinarily, conveyed at owner's risk but which the Railway accepts at Railway risk in consideration of the payment of enhanced rates, to be conveyed at Railway risk and am prepared to pay the additional charges authorised in the Tariff Book.

Signature of sender or his Representative

Address

Signature of Loading Clerk

NOTE.—While goods are in the possession of the Royal State Railways of Siam they shall be subject to the By-laws, Rules, Regulations and Conditions of the Royal State Railways of Siam.

228/8





ancy of  
inter

C.B. paper.  
9644/23.

2 50

14 00

ies to Mohd:

of Hari

from 1. 1. 34.

518 00

5 00

2 50

1 00

From Central Experiment Station, Serdang  
 Suckers      Sour orange seeds

- |   |              |                            |  |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| 2 | Banana       | Mas Hujan                  | Rough brown seeds  |
| 2 | -            | Mas                        |  |
| 2 | -            | Rastali                    |  |
| 2 | -            | Ambon                      |  |
| 2 | Sugarcane    | Hong Kong No. 1 (cuttings) | Crotalaria anagyroides seed.<br>usambensis "                             |
| 8 | Tapioca      | Kipin Mertiga - "          |  |
| 8 | "            | Mangi - "                  |  |
| 3 | Keladi       | Nigeria variety ✓          |  |
| 3 | Xanthosom.   | N. Puncak ✓                | ✓  |
| 3 | Keladi       | Gobi from Philippines ✓    |  |
| 3 | "            | Hong Kong ✓                |  |
| 3 | "            | Klang variety ✓            |  |
| 3 | Curcuma      | dumetica                   | Tephrosia<br><del>Tapioca</del> candida seed<br>toxicaria "<br>Vogelii " |
| 3 | "            | gedoaria                   |  |
| 3 | "            | purpurascens               |  |
| 3 | "            | Xanthoxiza                 |  |
| 3 | Zingiber     | Cassamiana                 | Ragi seeds<br>(Maize seed U.S. 20434<br>Sweet Corn                       |
| 3 | Alpinia      | galanga                    |  |
| 2 | Greater Yam  | No. 30                     |  |
| 2 | "            | No. 64                     |  |
| 2 | "            | No. 100                    | Red Bean seeds<br>Kumquat seed<br>Citrus Swinglei                        |
| 4 | Lesser Yam   | Cush-Cush                  |  |
| 2 | "            | No. 288                    |  |
| 2 | "            | No. 270                    |  |
| 4 | Italian lime |                            | ✓  |
| 4 | Labite lime  |                            |  |
| 4 | Passiflora   | var. longipes              |  |
| 2 | Patchouli    |                            |  |
| 4 | Avocado Pear | (Serdang)                  | ✓  |
| 4 | Papaya       | Singapore seedling         |  |
| 4 | "            | Malayan                    |  |



Dr. A. H. Jones.

G 10

### Head of Estimates

Sub-head

THE ASIA PETROLEUM CO. (S.S.) LTD.,  
SINGAPORE.

Dr. 10

Bill No. 3,706

## DATA

I certify that the charges marked thus " " have been amounting to \$ actually incurred and PAID by me.

When payments are made by Public Officers for Petty Expenses for which it is not practicable to obtain Under-Receipts, the following Certificate must be signed by such Officers.

I HEREBY certify that the above service has been duly performed, and that

RECEIVED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 193

t of the above account, the sum of

NOTE - No signature should be written or stamped here until payment has been actually received.

## ON MAKING COMPOST.

Garden compost is a fertiliser made mainly from leafy garden refuse to which a small quantity of cattle manure and wood ash is added. The compost takes two months to mature.

Garden refuse used for composting should consist chiefly of cut grass and fallen leaves. The site chosen for preparing the compost heap should be either a drained pit or a level plot of well beaten ground. A cool and shady position is preferable to a site exposed to the full blaze of the sun, but if this is not available the compost heap should be covered over with attap and kept moist.

The heaps are made rectangular in shape and four feet in height, the bases being five feet square.

Leafy material which forms the main bulk of the compost may be used as soon as collected. A small supply of cowdung must be procured (one kerosene tin for a heap). To each kerosene tin of cowdung four cigarette tins of wood ash (from a fire-place) are added and the mass thinned down with an equal quantity of water.

BUILDING THE COMPOST HEAP. A six<sup>th</sup> layer of leafy refuse is spread out to form the base of the heap (5 feet square). Over this the thinned cowdung is evenly sprinkled (use one gallon to each layer). A further six inches of refuse is piled on and another gallon of cow-dung mixture spread over. This process is repeated until the heap has reached the required height.

Weekly the heap should be examined and if it appears dry water may be sprinkled over it. After three weeks the heap will be found to have shrunk to about  $\frac{2}{3}$  of its original bulk. It is then thoroughly mixed up with a rake and re-built. During this operation water may have to be added unless the compost is moist and clammy. The heap is again covered over with attap and left for a further five weeks by the end of which it will be ready for use. It will then be of a dark brown colour and soft to the touch. The leaves will have broken down to a homogeneous mass and the generation of heat will have ceased. In newly opened ground compost should be added to eight times its bulk of earth.

Official Memo.

اوفیشیل میمو

13

19

From..... درفد

To..... کفد

*[Faint, illegible handwritten text in Persian script, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*



2.

varieties of Papaya which  
you grow, about 12 seeds  
of each would suffice.

3. The seeds of Seville  
Orange which you sent in  
July have also failed to grow.  
I wonder if it at the same  
time you could send me some  
more seed for trial.

L. J. H. C.

Feb 15. 1894.

545/39

To: - Agricultural Officer

Typed on ~~manila~~ <sup>manila</sup> Sandang Experimental Station,

Sandang  
T.M. Selangor

Ref: 3 in Ser 71/41

Sir,

In July you very kindly  
supplied me with 4 plants each  
of Papaya Singapore and  
Papaya Hawaiian Breakfast. I  
regret to say that through the  
malicious action of a cobra, and  
of some monkeys, these plants  
have been destroyed.

2. I wonder if you could send

me seed of the three main

Memo

From

Date, 23 8, 1941.Act. Director of Gardens,  
S. V. Gardens

To

S. K. S.

I return this fan belt,  
with invoice, because it does  
not seem to me satisfactory  
K. J. H. Corner

19

Sum. 2. 100

1000 1000

1000

1000 1000

1000 1000



Amount of Indents on C. A.

Balance available

1192 91

Carried over

~~XXXX~~

118 13

Dollars.....

I certify that this Schedule and the accompanying Bills are correct in every particular.

Date, .....193 .

.....Signature } of Head  
 .....Title } of  
 .....Department

Vegetable Seed Stock.

Sheets

- A - 1
- B - 14
- C 9+2.
- D
- E
- F - 1
- G - 2
- H
- I
- J - 3
- K - 3
- L - 5
- M - 1
- N
- O - 2
- P - 2
- Q
- R - 3
- S - 2
- T - 3+3
- U -
- V
- W - 1
- X
- Y
- Z

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

DRAFT

B 2.8/15

Angular Ground-life ... 1 pkt.

June 1941

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

}

19

DRAFT



Gironniera

2 first species

Buds long, pointed, covered by the long <sup>crucial</sup> stipules: buds rather pointed, with ring-like scars where the scars of the fallen stipules at each end.  
~~leaves alternate, entire~~ ~~stipules conspicuous~~  
leaves alternate, entire.

Flowers as in Trema but in slender racemes

Flowers <sup>.2" wide,</sup> in ~~racemes~~ <sup>in slender racemes</sup> simple or sparingly branched, in the leaf-axils, male & female on separate trees. sepals <sup>4-5</sup>: stamens <sup>4-5</sup>: many with 2 long slender styles

Fruit a small, flattened orange stone with 2 long slender ~~are~~ styles;

several fruits on a stalk from the leaf-axil: seed mag (fruit often empty): color.

about 12 spp. S. & H. : 2 spp. in Malaya.

(persistent at the base of the fruit)

~~This genus includes three ~~small~~ <sup>small</sup> trees of small ~~evergreen~~ <sup>evergreen</sup> trees  
generally some ~~twenty to fifty~~ <sup>twenty to fifty</sup> feet, ~~not~~ <sup>occasionally</sup> reaching 80'~~

~~This genus includes three common kinds of small ~~evergreen~~ <sup>evergreen</sup> trees, which  
are found in open country & beltan, as well as in the forest, & which are  
easily recognized from their <sup>curious</sup> little orange, 2-whiskered fruits. ~~They have~~  
~~small evergreen trees, 30-50' high, occasionally reaching 80'~~  
~~not one genus, but only consist chiefly of a <sup>single</sup> species.~~~~

~~To the genus <sup>along</sup> ~~this~~ <sup>these</sup> genus includes three common kinds of small trees which are  
to be found in open country & beltan, as well as in the forest & which are  
easily recognized from their curious little orange 2-whiskered fruits <sup>where with an</sup> ~~the appearance~~  
~~of a <sup>fruit</sup> at once attractive & receptive for <sup>palatable as they look,</sup> they consist of little else than a~~  
~~woody stone. It seems, however, that they are eaten <sup>in fruit</sup> for the little seed ~~that~~ <sup>their</sup>  
gizzards can grind up the stone, ~~in their gizzards~~, & hence their ready  
distribution. The three species have rounded, evergreen crowns, 30-50' high,  
occasionally reaching 80'; <sup>they develop new leaves &</sup> their flowers seasonally. They are called  
"Madang kasap", "Madang kampas ~~taka~~ <sup>taka</sup> taku", "Mesekam" but, as they have little  
or no use, ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> Malaya ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> recognize them.~~~~

Veins

Main side-vein of leaf more than 10 pairs: distinctly hairy

G. nervosa

Main side-vein less than 10 pairs.

Blade ~~2 to~~ 2-5" wide, very leathery: fruit beaked, 1/2" long

G. subaequalis

Blade 1-2" wide; glabrous: fruit scarcely beaked, 1/3" long

G. parvifolia



Basella rubra  
(Spinach)

1 pkt. Feb. 1941

### Beetroot

Sutton's Globe ~~1 pkt. 5/6/41~~ 1 pkt. July 1941  
Yates Dwarf Globe 1 .. 5/6/41  
Yates Oblong  $\frac{1}{2}$  .. Jan. 1941 - did not sprout  
Yates Turnip-rooted 1 pkt. July 1941

Bayam - Milsum No. 1 1 pkt. May 1941  
(Spinach) .. 2 .. ..

Amaranthus in different kinds

" " 3 1 .. ..  
" " 4 1 .. ..  
" " 5 1 .. ..  
" " 6 1 .. ..  
" " 7 1 .. ..

Penang .. 1 1 .. .. Narrow Red Striped Leaves  
" .. 2 1 .. .. Narrow Green Leaves  
" .. 3 1 .. .. Round Green Leaves

Chinese vegetable Gardens }  
Batu Lintang Rd. Penang } 1 pkt seed 17<sup>th</sup> June 1941 } Narrow Green leaves  
Bayam Daun Bujur

### Broccoli

Green Sprout Yates 1 pkt. Feb. 1941

Sic.

Brinjal (Solanum)  $\frac{1}{2}$  pkt Feb. 1941  
purple round 1 .. Jan. 1941  
purple long - 16<sup>th</sup> Aug. 1941 ~~1 pkt. Jan. 1941~~

To

" Terong "

White New York Spinach

Purple Pear

Purple Margal - 1 pkt Aug. 1941

Green Borel

White Pear

DRAFT

1 pkt. Aug. 1941

1 pkt. Aug. 1941

Signed by  
Fair Copy

# Key to Quercus

Maturing acorns more or less completely covered by the cup

Group A

~~Group A~~

Maturing acorns projecting from the cup or with an open flat top.

Acorns much broader than long; flattened, not or scarcely projecting beyond the cup.

Group B.

Acorns oblong or conical, projecting well beyond the cup

Cups set with spreading scales or distinct scale-points; without distinct rings, or the rings concealed by the scales

Group C.

Cups marked with <sup>distinct</sup> rings or circular lines; without scales or with tiny scale points not concealing the rings

Group D

## Group A

~~Cup thin, smooth or marked with tiny scale points; acorns silky, many in a spike  
the cup generally splitting radially & exposing the pointed top of the acorn.~~

~~Cup marked with tiny scale points, pressed to the surface: mountains~~

~~*Q. blumeana*~~

~~Cups marked with a few distant rings: lowlands~~

~~*Q. encalisacarpa*~~

~~Cup strongly knotted, scaly or spiky~~

Cup strongly knotted, scaly or spiky.

Cup knotted or set with rambran-like scales or spines

*Q. lappacea*

Cup spiky

*Q. discocarpa*

Cup smooth, generally marked with distant rings, or with tiny scale points

Cup thin, generally splitting radially & exposing the pointed top of the acorn.

acorns silky, many in a spike.

Cups marked with tiny scale-points, pressed to the surface: mountains

*Q. blumeana*

Cups marked with distant rings

*Q. encalisacarpa*

Cup completely covering the acorn, attached to it firmly all round

except at the extreme top, large: acorn very hard, massive: mountains.

Cup (without stalk) <sup>pear-shaped</sup> 1 1/2 - 2 1/2" long, dark, finely velvety: acorn flat-topped

*Q. maingayi*

Cup (without stalk) round, 3/4 - 1 1/3" long, pale grey, glabrous.

*Q. burkhillii*

## Group B

Acorn glabrous, woody, light brown, with a slightly convex surface: cup top-shaped

*Q. costata*

Acorn distinctly, but finely, silky.

Cup very large, 1 1/2 - 2 1/2" wide: acorn with the point in a shallow depression

*Q. cyclophora*

Cup about 1" wide: acorn ~~not~~ pointed

*Q. clunensis*

Cape Gooseberry

Common Small fruited Yates

1/2 pkt. Made 1941

Cabbage

Golden Acre

Kirkiball - Yates

1 pkt. 5/6/41

1/2 pkt July 1941

Carrat

Early Horn - Yates

Chumtency - Yates

[ 1 pkt. -  
1 pkt.

June 1941

5/6/41

1 ..

5/6/41

Cauliflower

Sutton's Early Palma

1 pkt. July 1941

Cluster Bean

1 pkt.

June 1941

1 ..

May 1941

Cluster Bean ( *Cyamopsis* )  
Penang's Garden *prostratis*

1 ..

23rd June 1941

Cucumber

Long Green Yates

Apple shaped Yates

[ 1 pkt.  
1 pkt.

1/2 ..

[ June 1941

[ 5/6/41

March 1941

Sir,

Green Manure .

*Crotalaria* - ~~anagryoides~~ *anagryoides* - Serdang 1 pkt. 28th June 1941

..

..

- *usaramensis* - Serdang 1 pkt. 28th June 1941

Fair Copy

Signed by

To

DRAFT

Dillenia  
(J. J. Dillenius, ~~the~~ 1684-1747. <sup>the</sup> German botanist, professor at Oxford)  
(✓ flowering before, or with, the new leaves.)

*D. indica*

Indian  
~~Elephant~~ Simph

A more or less deciduous tree, up to 60 ft. high, ~~with a~~ <sup>with a</sup> few, wide-spreading limbs.  
bark rich orange-brown, or darker & paler in the ~~leaf~~ <sup>leaf</sup> ~~open~~, thin, ~~but~~ <sup>rather</sup> & plain  
 rather ~~sparse~~ <sup>sparse</sup>, papery flaky, with faint transverse leaf-scars: twigs stout.  
leaf-blade 8-14 x 3-6", long, narrowly elliptical, <sup>ribbed,</sup> <sup>stiff,</sup> <sup>curving out,</sup> ~~light~~ <sup>light</sup> green,  
 edge toothed, ~~beaut.~~ <sup>beaut.</sup> ~~curving out,~~ <sup>ribbed</sup> with many (30-40 per)  
 of side-veins: stalk  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2" long.

Flowers 7-8" wide, very massive solitary at the ends of the twigs, <sup>(racemes)</sup> petals white, 2-3" wide - yellowish green.

Fruit 6-7" wide, yellowish green, ~~long~~ hard & tough.

Siam, Malaya. frequent on the banks of streams & rivers in the lowland forest <sup>throughout the country</sup> ~~in the Siam~~, occasionally cultivated.

The flower of the ~~Elephant~~ <sup>Indian</sup> Simph is bigger than that of  
any other of ~~Malayan~~ <sup>these flowers</sup> trees: ~~indeed~~, there are ~~very~~ <sup>indeed</sup> few trees, from  
any part of the world ~~that~~ can rival it in ~~massive~~ bulk. The equally  
large, distinctive fruits ~~are said to be eaten~~ <sup>are eaten, it is said,</sup> by elephants but, ~~as often~~  
more often, the fruits fall into the water <sup>or the seeds germinate where</sup>  
they are washed up on the ~~river~~ <sup>For the</sup> bank. ~~The~~ <sup>Indian</sup> ~~Elephant~~ Simph is a  
typical, though not very common, tree of the lower reaches of the  
Savanna-savannas where they descend from the hills & enter the alluvial  
plain (p. 2): it is ~~abundant also~~ <sup>abundant also</sup> on the Rengas-~~divers~~ <sup>divers</sup> of Kelantan, <sup>or Pahang.</sup> ~~Thengganu~~

The bark is like that of some species of *Lagaria*<sup>(b.)</sup>, except for the transverse lines of the leaf scars. But the orange bark & the large, glossy, but wrinkled & beautifully indented leaves enable one always to ~~dist~~ recognize the tree in the absence of flower or fruit.

Because of its heavy fruit, this  $\varnothing$  species ~~does~~ <sup>is</sup> not <sup>recommended</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and it is</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not suitable</sup> for planting.

~~as a roadside tree~~ & it is seldom seen in gardens. There are

DRAFT

Fair Copy  
Signed by

}

19

To

Sir,

1 phd June 1960

French Bean  
Yaka Brown Beauty

Four Angled Bean

Jan. 1961



flower-spikes, their cone-like fruit-heads, their pine-like needles, their conical nonpodical habit when young, like the 'closed umbrellas' of Cypressess, and the fact that they are wind-pollinated <sup>(and evergreen)</sup> we must accept the disagreeable conclusion that Casuarinas are not Conifers.

One quickly learns to recognise a Casuarina from its <sup>green</sup> ~~twig~~ design, its lack of foliage and its formal shape. If one likens these ~~twig~~ <sup>twig</sup> designs to the needles of a pine-tree one must remember that they differ profoundly. Pine-needles are true leaves, but those of Casuarina are twigs; they end in buds: the joints are their nodes and the finely grooved intervening parts their internodes. The leaves of Casuarinas are merely ~~beetle~~ set in circles at the nodes and so small that they can scarcely be discerned without magnification: they have no vestige of a blade and, in fact, have lost their ~~power~~ <sup>function</sup> of photosynthesis which ~~has~~ <sup>has</sup> been taken over by the green twigs; they are, to all intents, useless except for the protection of the buds & young flowers. These, too, are so insignificant that most people do not notice them, but the <sup>king</sup> ~~stamens~~ <sup>to</sup> give the ends of the needle-twigs a brownish or yellowish look & the young female heads are conspicuous from the red styles. When the stamens are ripe, the twigs give off clouds of pollen which is blown about by the wind and if any settles on the projecting styles of the female flowers, those flowers will be fertilised & set fruit; there is no evidence that insects visit them. Casuarinas are big trees, not minute in their construction.

To understand the growth of a Casuarina one must realise that it has two kinds of twigs. The most obvious are the green needle-twigs which have a limited life: they grow to a certain length, characteristic of each species, but they do not thicken nor do they become woody: <sup>and after</sup> ~~after~~ a certain time they age, turn brown & are cast off the tree to collect round its base like a mat of pine-needles. These twigs serve in the office of leaves & they are born on <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>starker</sup> twigs of the second kind, which are green only at their tips <sup>and soon</sup> ~~then~~ become woody and develop into the branches. One or two needle-twigs rather larger than rest can generally be found near the ends of the starker twigs & such develop into the side-branches. The appearance of the crown, whether bushy as in the Sumatran Rhu or rather skimping as in the Common Rhu, depends on the abundance of needle-twigs, the amount of branching in the starker twigs, which is more frequent in the bushy Sumatran Rhu, and whether the needle-twigs themselves are branched or unbranched. Until they have reached their full height, Casuarinas are strictly nonpodical & have a conspicuous main stem tapering to the vertex of the crown; after this period,

Gourd

Bottle - Po Gardens 1 pkt 5/6/41 (Lalun Ayer)  
Pumpkin Golden Flesh Po Gardens 1 pkt 5/6/41

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

19

DRAFT



Jack-Bean  
(Sword Bean)

1 pkt

Jan. 1941 (Kachang Purang)

Job's Tears (Poin)  
Manila

1 pkt.

1941 (Jali)

Jagung (Indian Corn)  
"Zea mays"

1 pkt.

June 1941

Str.

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

}

19

DRAFT

12/8/28  
MEMO

1

# Mutney Family

Myristicaceae  
(from the genus Myristica)

(bark with scaly pith)

Large green trees in <sup>shape</sup> ~~most~~ leaf into seed and no more or  
aromatic ~~some~~ very like the Annonaceae but with watery pink or  
red sap in the bark and ~~stems~~ <sup>and inflorescences often scurfy or woolly</sup>: ~~young shoots generally scurfy or woolly~~  
~~containing oil~~

leaves alternate, ovate, or elliptical, deep green, generally long, oblong,

pointed and leathery, ~~and in a number of seeds and commonly glaucous~~  
~~on the underside~~:

~~leaves~~ <sup>young</sup> leaves pale green, limp. <sup>male and female</sup> ~~small~~ <sup>small</sup> clusters or panicles in the  
leaf axils ~~on the~~ <sup>axils</sup> ~~leaves~~ <sup>leaves</sup>, male & female on different trees:

Flowers generally very small without petals, male & female, set in  
small clusters in the leaf axils or on the branches behind the leaves, male and  
female on different trees. Calyx cup shaped, opening into 2 or 3 lobes  
rarely 4 to 5, or pink or white often scurfy: male flower containing  
tiny stamens with 2 anthers on it; female flowers containing a  
1-seeded superior ovary.

Fruit oblong or round, small to large, with a thick rind,  
fleshy yellow, red or brown red, splitting open and displaying  
the one large hard seed (nutmeg), surrounded by ~~red~~ <sup>red</sup> pink yellow or  
orange, pulpy or waxy <sup>coat</sup> ~~layer~~ (mace, or ail): the ~~fruit~~ <sup>fruit</sup> splitting  
on one side only or splitting <sup>inward</sup> into two outward halves: seed  
large, the hard endosperm divided up by brown lines ~~(as in Annonaceae)~~  
(i.e. laminate, as the Annonaceae)

15 genera, 250 spp., throughout the tropics and in India:

4 genera, ~~and~~ <sup>about</sup> 50 spp. in Malaya, and in Indian forest.



Kachung <sup>Panigra</sup> ~~Perak~~ ~~Hyam~~

Jan. 1941 (Vignia)

.. Sēbē langah  
(Mucuna nivea)

May 1941

Kai ham Cabbage

1 pkt. 1940

Str.

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

19

DRAFT

C. uncorrupta

Limau

Limau nipis

leaf-blade 1  $5\frac{1}{2}$  x  $3\frac{3}{4}$  2' elliptical, the edge minutely toothed. Leaf-stalk  $\frac{1}{2}$ -1' long, with a distinct, strong, narrow wing.

Fruit 1-2' long, with a somewhat flattened, green, thin green skin, with a very small, greenish-yellow pulp.

Spice →

C. uncorrupta

C. uncorrupta

Pumau, Shochok

Limau pasir

leaf-blade 2-6 x  $1\frac{3}{4}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$  broadly elliptical, the edge minutely toothed. Leaf-stalk strongly winged  $\frac{1}{2}$ -2' long. Fruit always less than half the width of the blade.

Fruit 4-10' long, very large, shaped as a pear or a gourd, opening from green to yellowish with pale greenish yellow or red-orange pulp. The fruit is covered with a very rough skin.

Spice →

C. uncorrupta

Limau pasir

leaf-blade 1-2' long, somewhat rounded, slightly spotted, the edge minutely toothed. Leaf-stalk strongly winged  $\frac{1}{2}$ -2' long. Fruit always less than half the width of the blade.

Fruit 1-2' long, somewhat rounded or pear-shaped, green, turning more or less yellowish with orange, rather thin, and very fragrant pulp.

Spice →

C. macrocarpa

Limau pasir

Limau pasir

leaf-blade 2-4 x  $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$  broadly elliptical, the edge minutely toothed. Leaf-stalk strongly winged as the blade, appearing as half petiole.

Fruit 4-5' long, somewhat pear-shaped, with an opening from the base. The fruit is covered with a little white, waxy pulp. It is found in the middle & north of Malaya, common by the Hot Springs at Ipoh.

Spice →

Ladies Fingers

1 pkt.

Jan. 1941

Lettuce

Mignonette - Yates

1 pkt.

5/6/41

" - "

1 pkt.

22<sup>nd</sup> July 1941.

" - "

1 pkt.

Jan. 1941

Leek

Musselburgh - Yates

$\frac{1}{2}$  pkt.

June 1940

Lima Bean, Leviathan, Po Gardens.  
(Beans)

1 pkt.

5/6/41

Luffa acutangula  
(Kétala Mame)

1 pkt.

Jan. 1941

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

DRAFT

*Alchornea* ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...  
 ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...  
 ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...  
 ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...  
 ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...  
 ... it is a tree ... 10 years ...

"Many many"  
 Nona ...

*Alchornea*

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

*C. griffithii*

... ..

*C. cylindrostachya*

Plate 37

String Bush

... ..

Marine - Vegetable

Jaka - long white fruited Bush

1 pkt. June 1941

Miller

Spiked Miller

( Pennisetum typhoides )

1 pkt. May 1941

{ Maize seed - Serdang - 1 pkt.  
{ U. S. O. A. 34. ( Sweet Corn ).

28th June 1941.

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

}

19

DRAFT



peros - mained

Flowers tinged with orange beneath petals: anthers & style: corolla with 5 lobes curved over each other: stamens 2, projecting in the style.

1 spec. Mary Levens, Sumatra, Java, Borneo

Chas. L. May, 1884

con. flowering at 12'. bark

leaflets - leaflets 1-3' long - are normally or broadly winged between the  
leaflets - leaflets 4-10 pairs up to 12 x 3", all our leaflets are in a bag

Flowers 1" wide, greenish white: in panicles 1-2' long & wide, freely many.

Common in open country <sup>Wabular.</sup> & along main & branches in the forest from Palacca northward.

This common & attractive little tree with big tooth-like pinnules  
of tiny flowers & pair of pinnate leaves with winged stalks, bears an  
extraordinary resemblance to the elder-tree of Europe & <sup>very</sup> to the Java-  
Elder of Malayan gardens. But the leaves, of the "Sungkai", however, are not  
forked when curled <sup>is</sup> ~~under~~ the flowers <sup>are not</sup> fragrant <sup>much</sup> & the little dry hairy  
capsule-fruit <sup>& winged stalks</sup> are different. Saplings of "Sungkai" with purple young  
leaves may be seen in crowds, by the rail way ~~cuttings~~ lines in many parts  
of the F.M.S.

Onion

Bedfordshire Champion - Suttons 1 pk

Select Brown Spanish - Yates { 1 ..  
2 ..

5/6/41

5/6/41

Sum 96

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

}

19

DRAFT

MEMO

B 2.8/25

1

01

Bignoniaceae

(The genus Bignonia - J.P. Bignon, 1662-1743, (carver of Louis XIV)

leaves generally pinnate and pinnate compound, or 2 or 3 times as few cases simple and short or simple and spirally arranged: often with glands on the leaflets.

Flowers usually tubular or funnel-shaped, generally in terminal inflorescences: calyx tubular, with or without 5 lobes or between, from closed in the bud and free with water (water calyx): corolla bilaterally symmetrical, tubular more or less flattened from above and below, with 5 lobes, 2 on the upper side, 3 on the lower, the upper 2 lobes often the smaller than the lower: stamens 4 or 5, adnate to the corolla: anthers superior, generally surrounded at the base of a ring-like nectary: styles long, with a 2-lobed stigma.

Fruit as a pod divided by a longitudinal partition into 2 compartments, splitting open: seeds many, flat, with a small disciform embryo, the embryo surrounded by a very thin transparent or ~~opaque and thick~~ <sup>translucent</sup> wing.

About 100 genera, 600 spp., tropics & subtropics, mostly American. 8 genera, 10 spp. in Malaya in the colonies.

The Bignonia family consists of shrubs, trees and woody climbers, easily recognised from their opposite pinnate leaves, large trumpet-flowers and pods with flat winged seeds. The flowers resemble in shape those of Genivius or the European Fox-gloves because the corolla is somewhat flattened; and has an oblique mouth with 5 lobes. The pods differ from those of the Leguminosae by having a partition down the centre & by the 2 chambers flat seeds which they contain and which is notches, as line on a piece of rosin paper with a dividers. "Opposite pinnate leaves" are a feature and of the cultivated elder (Sambucus) and the wild ~~Sambucus~~ <sup>Sambucus</sup> (Sambucus) as they have very regular white flowers. The best introduction to the family is through the garden shrub and yellow Bells (Stemodia) the Tulip Tree, and the Saururus and the cultivated climber ~~Bignonia~~ <sup>Bignonia</sup> ~~capitata~~ <sup>nagaria</sup>.

In shape, Bignoniaceae trees are distinguished by their open or unbranched stems with the pairs of leaves branched at the ends of the branches. They are characterised by naturally, that is by a succession of

Parsley  
Extra Cured - Yates 1 pkt. 5/6/41

Parsnip  
Imperial Hollow Crown - Suttons 1 pkt. 1/6/41  
Yates Hollow Pouters - 1 pkt. June 1941

Red Bean - Serdang - 1 pkt. 28th June 1941.

Radish  
French Breakfast - Yates 1 pkt. 22nd July 1941.

Sir,

Ragi - Serdang 1 pkt. 28th June 1941.

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

19

DRAFT

For ...

... ..

Leaves 3-4 times pinnate, very large, with terminal leaflets.

Flowers large, in ~~large~~ <sup>big</sup> ~~round~~ <sup>round</sup> ~~racemes~~ <sup>racemes</sup>; calyx large, rounded, green.

fruit ...

... ..

... ..

with a very thin, transparent singline ...

... ..

... ..

O. ...

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

An ... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

... ..

Sorghum

gawur

Red. Penang

1 pkt.

Jan. 1941

1 pkt.

5/6/41

Silver Beet,

Yates Fordhook Giant

1 pkt. June 1941

Tomato

Mar globe - Yates

1/2 pkt

Jan. 1941

✓ Red Cherry - Yates

1 ..

5/6/41

Marvona - Yates

1 pkt

June 1941

Turnip

purple Top White Globe

1 pkt

5/6/41

with White Stone - Yates

1 pkt

June 1941

Green Manure.

Tephrosia vogelii - Serdang.

1 pkt.

28th June 1941.

" toxicaria - Serdang,

1 pkt.

28 June 1941

Sir,

" candida - Serdang

1 pkt.

28 June 1941.

To

Signed by

Fair Copy

DRAFT



—

2. 1. 1971

1. *Amphiprion* *permanens*

H. van Rens

*A. spectabilis*

but computers <sup>themselves</sup> can't learn. It takes 3-4 in a school like so many other schools.

*A. mucronata*

keus longer road 3' x 2-5'2" dark grey, green, white, dull orange red.

A. Cur. 17. a

См. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851

2 A. am. 10/1/19

Water Melon

Sugarsticks - Yates

1 pk.

5/6/41

Sir,

To

Fair Copy  
Signed by

19

DRAFT

Cereera

(gr. Cerberus, the hell-hound)

leaves arranged spirally.

Flowers funnel-shaped, rather large, white, in terminal, long-stalked, sparingly branched clusters: sepals rather large, 5: petals 5: stamens inside the corolla-tube.

Fruit large, round or oblong, solitary or ~~sometimes~~ <sup>rarely</sup> paired, thin, pulpy, with a large, thick, fibrous & woody stone.

5 spp. tropical shores of the Indian & W. Pacific Oceans: 2 spp. in Malaya.

The two Malayan species of Cereera are <sup>well-known</sup> ~~common~~ <sup>in Malaya</sup> plants to which the names Pong-pong & Bata-bata are given. There are ~~also~~ <sup>large</sup> ~~some~~ <sup>blinking</sup> ~~of their~~ <sup>if it enters the eyes,</sup> ~~highly~~ <sup>poisonous</sup> ~~poisonous~~ <sup>as Benth points out,</sup> ~~may~~ <sup>have resulted from</sup> a confusion with the very poisonous Euphorbia tree K. coccoloba (p.), so that the name Bata-bata should <sup>be</sup> ~~be~~ <sup>restricted</sup>. Only the seeds of Cereera are poisonous, the bark, leaves & oil ~~extracted~~ <sup>from</sup> the seeds are used in native medicine. The fruits ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> like ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> apples but they are not edible. They float in the sea or in rivers, ~~are~~ <sup>being</sup> distributed by current & they are ~~commonly~~ <sup>commonly</sup> ~~worked~~ <sup>up</sup> on the shore with only the fibres left ~~surrounding~~ <sup>ground</sup> the hard stone.

~~The~~ <sup>The</sup> two species are often treated as one, as in Benthill's Dictionary, but ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~fact~~ <sup>fact</sup> they are easily distinguished by the shape & color of the flower & by the ~~places~~ <sup>places</sup> in which they grow. They ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> ~~evergreen~~ <sup>evergreen</sup> & appear to flower & fruit throughout the year. The flowers of C. odollam open between 9.30 - 10 a.m. & last for a little more than 24 hrs: the eye ~~turns~~ <sup>turns</sup> ~~grey~~ <sup>grey</sup> ~~with~~ <sup>with</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~flowers~~ <sup>flowers</sup> ~~ages~~ <sup>ages</sup>. ~~It is~~ <sup>It is</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ 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<sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup> ~~fragrant~~ <sup>fragrant</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>early</sup> ~~stages~~ <sup>stages</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~its~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~life~~ <sup>life</sup> ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~generally~~ <sup>generally</sup> ~~not~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~very~~ <sup>very</sup>

Vegetable Mallow

- Yuba long white - fringed

planted in P18 B 7/8/41, the seeds sown in the

ground. very rapid growth. Spreading over ground.

Flower buds form in axils of 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> leaves, but I picked them all off & I picked off all fls. until about 20<sup>th</sup> Sept. I let B & A them develop. From 26/9/41 in several of

have opened every day but the female flower goes to a certain size & then drops off without opening (This is with

2 plants grown on the ground).

The stems & petioles are hollow & I filled with insecticide. In wet weather the ~~insects~~ mealybugs & weevils & could capture the stems so that better small beetles can get in to generally the capturing does not matter. I have to cut off only.

3 branches which had & shed.

2 old plants pulled out 12/10/41. The stems have been eaten out by so many mealybugs & weevils that I decided to burn them. Many of the fls. had opened.

female

# STRAITS SETTLEMENTS

## ADJUSTMENT

ORIGINAL

DUPLICATE

5/1/30

Head No. and one hundred, C.O.D. Voucher  
 Sub-head Stores and stores No. 30  
7/5/30

To the BOOK-KEEPER,

{ Description   of   Transaction. }	You are hereby authorised to make the following adjustment:—
	Debit the above.
	Credit Stores Account "P.W.D. Stores" being in return of value of stores issued from the P.W.D. Stores during the month of Jan., 1930 when P.W.D. stores were issued to S.J. No. 23
	31/5/30.

\$ c.  
11 - 2

*So. G.C. Muller.*  
 Acting Deputy Treasurer.

DATE, 1st September, 1930

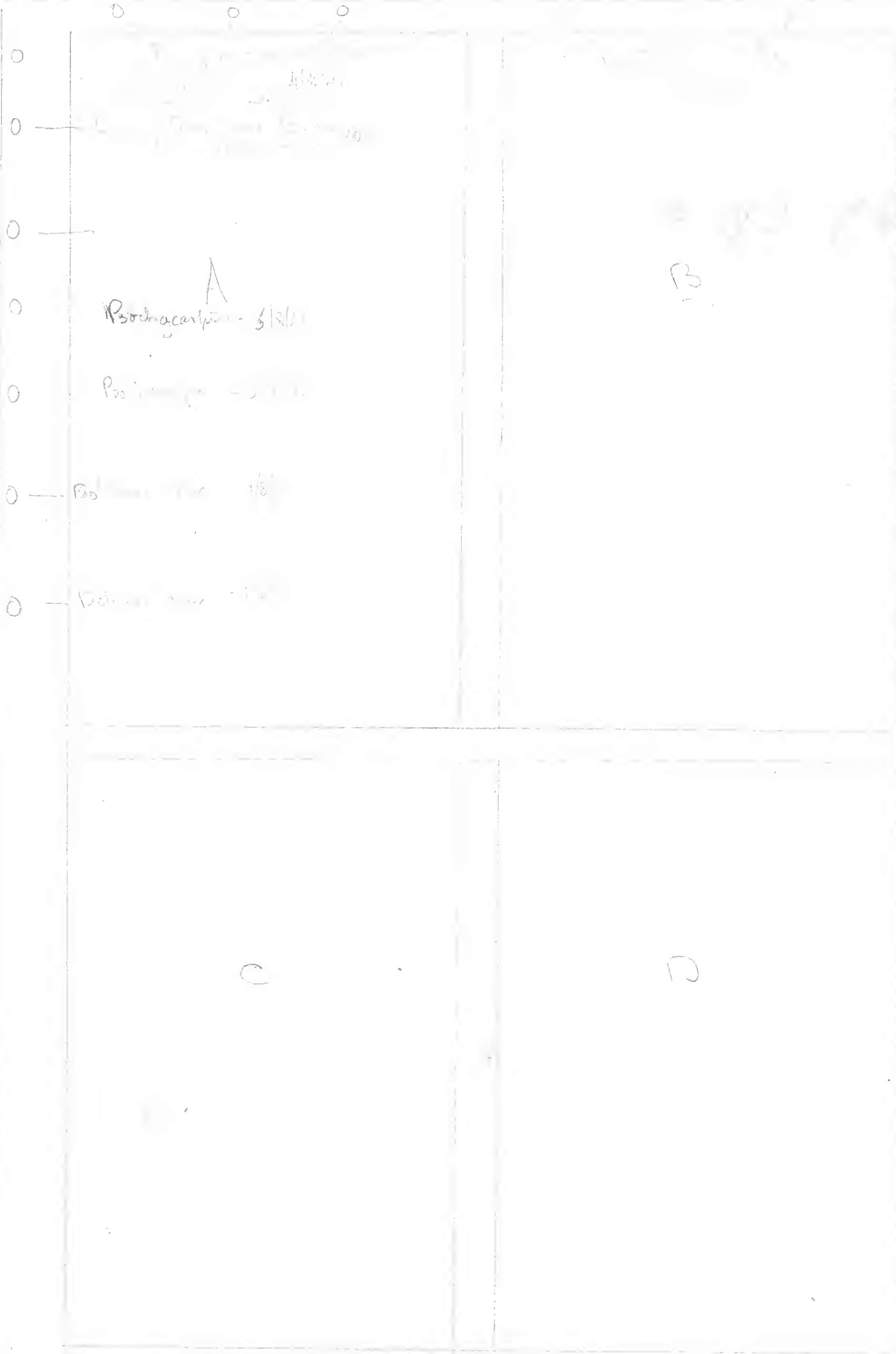


# Plots A, B, C, D.

Wet & Mesquite

Position

Wet





## SPRAYS.

6 sprays:-

- I. CLMENSEL: to be used only in special circumstances when common soap or Kerosine Emulsion are no avail.

Concentration:- 1 cigarette tin to 4 gallons water.

Or as on bottle for greenfly.

- II. COMON SOAP - NICOTINE: Soft soap ..... 1 lb.  
Water ..... 6 gallons.

Slice the soap thinly: dissolve in 1 gallon of hot water (and dilute to 6 gallons).

Add Nicotine sulphate (40%) at fluid oz. to

6 galls. of soap spray. (Diluted spray should contain not less than .06% nicotine).

STOCK SOLUTION:- Soft soap ..... 1 lb.  
Water ..... 1 gall.

Tobacco Infusion ... 4 fluid oz.

FOR USE DILUTE 10 TIMES

TOBACCO INFUSION:- Boil  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. tobacco in  $\frac{1}{2}$  gall. water, filter

- III. KEROSENE EMULSION: Soap ....  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. ....  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb.  
Water 3 pts. .... 1 gall.  
Kerosene 5 pts. .... 2 gall.

STOCK SOLUTION:- For soft insects as greenfly, dilute 1:15  
" scale 1:10 (cannot be used on young foliage)

Shave the soap and dissolve in the water by boiling. Add the kerosene while still hot. Agitate vigorously by using a spray

nozzle and pumping in and out. Stock solution will last 2-3 weeks

## IV. BORDEAUX MIXTURE:

Solution A:-

Copper sulphate .....	1 lb.
Water .....	1 gall.

Solution B:-

{	Lime .....	1 lb.
	Water .....	1 gall.

For use, take equal parts of A and B in separate vessels and add to each 25 times as much water. Then mix A and B by pouring simultaneously into a third vessel and stirring thoroughly.

STANDARD SOLUTION: (for keeping):-

Copper sulphate .....	4 lbs.
Lime .....	4 lbs.
Water .....	50 galls.
Sugar .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

V. LEAD ARSENA TE:

Lead Arsenate ..... 1 lb.  
Water ..... 50 galls.  
Resin-Sticker ..... 1 gall. (not in use at present)

VI. <sup>A</sup> ~~TUBER~~ ROOT:



## LAWN. R

		seeds sown	germination			seeds sown	germination
1	Kacang Bata (four angle bean)	15.9.39	21.9.39	Kacang Kara Merah (Delicious)		15.9.39	21.9.39
2	" panjang (Vigna)	15.9.39	18.9.39	" Bonchis (French Bean)		25.11.39	13.11.39
3	Peria (Bitter Gourd)	15.9.39	21.9.39	Ketula Blimbing (Luffa)		18.9.39	23.9.39
4	Kacang Perot Apam	15.9.39	21.9.39	Timun (Cucumber)		18.9.39	22.9.39
5	Ketula Ular (Snake Gourd)	18.9.39	28.9.39	Kacang Parang		18.9.39	21.9.39
6	Basella seedlings from B. F. F. house	seedlings	21.9.39	Basella (red)		cuttings	22.9.39
7	Lobak (Radish large)	15.9.39	17.9.39	Kacang Bendi (Lady Finger)		15.9.39	17.9.39
8	Jagung (Maize, Java)	18.9.39	21.9.39	Terang (Brinjal)		seedlings	18.9.39
9	Tapioca large green leaf (good quality)	cuttings	21.9.39	Tapioca large green leaf (second quality)		cuttings	21.9.39
10	Tapioca small green leaf	"	21.9.39	Tapioca red		"	21.9.39
11	Keladi Batawi K. Sarawak Kelantan	"	9.10.39	"Keladi Sarawak" Xanthosoma sagittifolium	rhizome		26.9.39
12	Kledok Merah (Sweet Potato red variety)	cuttings	21.9.39	Kledok Merah	cuttings		21.9.39
13	Kledok Putih (Sweet Potato white variety)	"	21.9.39	Kledok Putih	"		21.9.39
14	(Colocasia) Keladi Padang, K. Lili	rhizome	28.9.39	(Colocasia) K. Sulo Keladi from Kelantan	rhizome		28.9.39
15	Tapioca Serdang Philippine No. 4	cuttings	3.10.39	Tapioca Serdang Native No. 1	cuttings		3.10.39
16	Synsphaerandra (Chief French)	"	3.10.39	Maize (Jagung)	25.10.39		27.10.39
17	Colocasia esculenta Keladi China	rhizome 16/39	9.10.39	Colocasia esculenta Keladi Udang	16/39		9.10.39
18	" " " Rokkit	" 16/39	9.10.39	" " " Telor	16/39		9.10.39
19	" " " Alang	" 16/39	" " "	" " " Minusok	16/39		9.10.39
20	Lobak Sawi	25.10.39		Pinak Putih, B. Kelantan, Keladi China			9.10.39
21	Bengkuang	25.10.39		Terang	seedlings		25.10.39
22	Timun	red 25.10.39	27.10.39	Kacang Bendi	25.10.39		27.10.39
23	Maize " Jagung	25.10.39	" " "	" " Jagung			
24	French Bean Phaseolus	7.11.39	13.11.39	French Bean	7.11.39		13.11.39
25	Manihot (Cassava)	4.12.39					
26	Dioscorea, Dioscorea	from Market	5.11.39				

## LAWN. Y

		seeds sown	germination			seeds sown	germination
1	Kacang Goring (Ground Nut)	13.9.39	19.9.39				
2	Timun (Cucumber)	16.9.39	20.9.39				
3	Kacang Bonchis (French Bean)	16.9.39	23.9.39				
4	Peria (Bitter Gourd)	16.9.39					
5	Jagung (Maize)	16.9.39	20.9.39				
6	Kacang Panjang	16.9.39	19.9.39				
7	Jagung (Maize) from M. Sutado	18.9.39	22.9.39	Sawi	seedlings 16.10.39	transplants	22.10.39
8	Ketula Blimbing (Luffa)	20.9.39	24.10.39				
9	Bengkuang	20.9.39	6.10.39	Lobak (Radish medium)	seedlings 15.9.39	transplants	1.10.39
10	Ketula Ular (Snake Gourd)	20.9.39	29.9.39				
11	Kacang Parang	20.9.39	24.9.39				
12	Kacang Perot Apam	20.9.39	23.9.39				
13	Lobak (Radish large)	15.9.39	transplant 21.9.39				
14	Sawi white	"	26.9.39				
15	Sawi green	"	26.9.39				
16	Kledok Merah (Sweet Potato red variety)	cuttings	21.9.39				
17	" Putih (Sweet Potato white variety)	"	21.9.39				
18	Kacang Goring (Ground Nut)	16.9.39	19.9.39				
19	Basella white seedlings from B. F. F. house		21.9.39				
20							
21	Tapioca (Serdang) Native No. 1	cuttings	28.9.39				
22	" " " " 1	"	28.9.39				
23	Tapioca (Serdang) " " 1	"	26.9.39				
24	" " " " 1	"	26.9.39				
25	Tapioca (Serdang) Philippine No. 4	"	26.9.39				
26	" " " " 4	"	26.9.39				
27	Kledok Putih (Sweet Potato red variety)	cuttings	21.9.39				
28	Ubi Kayan Putih	"	19.9.39				
29	" " "	"	19.9.39				
30	Ubi Kayan (Tapioca large green leaf)	"	15.9.39				

LAWN. Y

BLOCK.

DRAIN

LAWN. R

BLOCK. A.



Wt. of Vachery Parjany Beam

PLOT B.

5 ozs. - 29/9/41

21 ozs. 3/10/41

2 lbs 6/10/41

2 lbs 2oz 8/10/41

1 lb - 10/10/41

3 lbs. 3oz. 13/10/41

1/2 lb. 15/10/41

1/2 lb. 15/10/41

TOTAL ..

6 -

Dollars six only -

*[Signature]*  
Director of Gardens, S.S.



## Memorandum.

3rd. September, 1941.

To The Ag. Director of Gardens, S.S.  
Singapore.

Reference your memo 545/39  
dated the 27th. August, 1941,  
I have to-day forwarded under  
separate cover the undermentioned  
seeds:-

Papaya:

Hawaiian B'fast.

Singapore

Semengka.

Seville Orange.

2. I trust you will succeed  
in establishing them this time.

*Received & acknowledged*

*6/9/41*  
Agriculturist i/o.  
C. E. S. S.

*17/11/41*

*5/9/41*

Kachang Merah

from PCD B.

29/11/41

2  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. seeds obtained.

ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE

W.E. - 27.11.41

Canavalia Herberts A

Sweet bean, large seeds,  
long hilum: buff when  
dried. Burma or Thailand  
for Genl. Herberts, Hq/Hq

ECONOMY LABEL

27.11.41

B 2.8/37

Yale Kaulball - 26.10.41

Yale Kaulball

Yale Cauliflower - Phenomenal Early

Bayan Lady's March - 2 pots

Bayan Pulet

Lettuce - New York

Penak - short - Main Kan

Yale Cherry Tomatoes

Soe Binsgal - big green fruit - Penang

Tong Tamin B300

Lada Pifoi

Black Chilli

Plant out Taproot

Atter Chilli Labels

ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE

Canavalia

Herb. B.

Vol. 5, 23

dark red seed: long hilum  
origin Hong Kong, grown by  
Chinese at Kowloon  
for Prof. Herbold

ECONOMY LABEL

27.11.41

82.8/39

~~Discontinued~~

SEATTLE

94.12.1

ENTRANCE ~~AT~~ <sup>AT</sup> THE MIDDLE OF  
~~THE~~ LONG SIDE



the pretext of obtaining food dealers' licences on their behalf.

It should be clearly understood that no fees of any kind are payable for or in connection with the issue of a food dealer's licence, and the public, especially shopkeepers, are asked to co-operate by reporting any such demands either to the Food Supply Officer or to the Police. Appropriate action will be taken immediately.

\*\*\*\*\*

Members of the public are warned that certain shopkeepers are attempting to profiteer by offering foodstuffs at the rate per pound which has been fixed by the Food Controller as the maximum for a katty. A katty is equal to  $1\frac{1}{3}$  lb. and shopkeepers who are profiteering in this way are actually selling at 25% above the maximum rate.

\*\*\*\*\*

10/10/41

From 10.30 to 11.30

5.30

10.30

11.30

12.30

1.30

2.30

3.30

4.30

5.30

3.30

10.30

11.30

12.30

1.30

2.30

3.30

# SINGAPORE COLD STORAGE COMPANY LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS)

ORCHARD ROAD,  
SINGAPORE.

TELEPHONE  
1741 & 1742

DATE  
19  
DELIVERED

YAS TIME

19  
24

GENERAL GROCERIES

SECOND COPY

OFFICE COPY

E. S. O. F.

all parcels for marked exports by its and  
and responsibility of its and  
and responsibility of its and  
and responsibility of its and

4158 S NO

39

F G P W B

Dear Brown,

Your letter 18/6/41

The *Pithecellobium* is definitely

*P. bubalinum* and not *P. Kunthii*. I have misplaced

The specimens of the tree which I thought was *Artocarpus*  
so can identify it! The tree by the side of the road

going to Kuala Lumpur is an *Artocarpus*: it is  
a species new to the flora and perhaps undescribed: I have  
collected it previously from Kelantan, Pahang and Johore. It

is extraordinary how such things are overlooked!

We have <sup>nearly</sup> a ripe fruit of *Barkellanthus* and a fair

large number of seedlings. I will send you a batch

as soon as they seem to have recovered from their recent

journey from Malacca. I am keeping the fruit unopened to

see how long it will last: it has a very unusual sweet smell.

It is 6 x 3" rather lemon-shaped and lemon-flavored. A

As regards *Citrus Scurglei* this is merely a name change.

It is the same thing exactly as *Abelaria polyandra* <sup>Ridley</sup>: *Citrus polyandra*  
Burm. f. not *C. polyandra* but *C. polyandra* but the name

# SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

## DEFINITIONS

---

THE ENDOWMENT POLICY is a policy which provides for the payment of a definite sum at the end of a definite number of years (from 10 onwards) or at previous death.

THE WHOLE LIFE, LIFE OR ORDINARY LIFE POLICY (each term is the equivalent of the other) is a policy which provides for a definite sum payable at the death of the policyholder.

THE LIMITED PAYMENT LIFE POLICY is one that provides for a definite sum payable at death only, but with premiums limited to 10, 15, 20 or 25 years.

THE ANTICIPATED ENDOWMENT POLICY (or Three-Stage Plan) is one that provides for 20% of the face value of the policy to be paid at the end of 10 years, a further 20% at the end of 15 years and the balance of 60% at the end of 20 years. It also provides that in the event of the death of the policyholder within the 20 years the full face value of the policy will be paid to the Estate, even should the assured die after the 10th and within the 15th year or after the 15th and within the 20th year.

### TABLE OF GUARANTEED VALUES IN THE ENDOWMENT POLICY:-

The client should be informed that there are five options in the Table, any one of which he

may exercise if he gets into financial difficulties or wishes to discontinue premiums. For example, assuming the assured had paid premiums for 10 years and there was no indebtedness against his policy he could (1) Have the 11th and subsequent premiums paid by the Company from the reserve value of the policy just so long as there was any balance in reserve to pay such premium. Premiums so advanced are subject to an interest rate of 8%. In the event of the assured's death while the policy was being kept in force under this plan (Automatic Non-Forfeiture), the Company would pay the full sum of the assurance less the premiums thus advanced, plus interest. Should he live to the end of the term, then he himself would receive the full face value of the policy less the indebtedness to the Company or (2) He may take the cash value of the policy or have a loan for the full value thereof, such loan bearing interest at 6% or (3) He may take a fully paid-up Endowment Policy (no more premiums to pay) or (4) A fully paid-up Life Policy or (5) He may take free Term Assurance for 10 years under which plan if he



C. polyantha had already been used for by  
another botanist for another species before  
Barkill ~~from~~ ~~made the change~~ changed.  
Ridley's A. polyantha to Citrus. Hence Barkill  
had to change his C. polyantha & called it  
C. Swinglei Bark. (which is the same as  
Fortunella Swinglei Tanaka).

The original description of Barkillanthus  
malaccensis (= Citrus malaccensis Ridley) is in  
Journ. Arnold Arboretum XX, 1939, p. 255. If  
you can't get this, we can lend it to you.

I thought the order for planting  
material would take some time! If we have  
to pay, then pay we will, but I feel it is for  
a show of plants which we should have.

Yours sincerely  
L. J. C.



(Traffic 309.)  
RECEIVING  
STATION  
No.

Station.

19

## Passenger

M

subject to the By-laws and Regulations of the Federated Malay States Railways.

Carriage\* 522  
\* (To pay or paid.)

No. of Wagon if by goods train.	No. of Articles.	Description.	Marks and Nos.	Weight.	
				P.	K.

Railway Receiving Clerk.

Delivery Clerk.

Before the above-named articles can be delivered, this receipt, granted to the Sender at the Forwarding Station, must be endorsed by the Consignee and given up at the Receiving Station, if required by the Railway Department.

It is requested that the following number be quoted in the reply to this letter.

545/29  
CENTRAL EXPERIMENT STATION,  
SERDANG, SUNGEI BESI, P.O.,  
FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

No. ....

18th. June, 1941.

Dear Corner,

A great many thanks for your letters of 11th. and 16th. June.

The list of material required is formidable and will take a few days to get collected and despatched. The powers that be are also chewing over the question of whether the material is to be supplied free or not. I think they will take a reasonable attitude and let you have it for nothing. I hope so anyway.

Many thanks for the trouble you have taken in identifying the various specimens you took away from Serdang. Further flowering material of Pithecellobium kunstleri is being sent to you to-day. I hunted for pods but could find none.

Artocarpus sp.  
unidentified.

What about the tree growing near the Albizia saponaria and which you first thought was an Avocado Pear? And what of the tree growing at the side of the road going in to Kuala Lumpur from Serdang with creamy coloured latex, and entire dark green leaf? Would you like more material of each?

Finally on the subject of Citrus, I am looking forward to receiving material of Furkillanthus and would be glad if you could tell me where I can find the original description of the species. I wonder too whether you could help me in respect of C. Swinglei; Furkill. In Gardens Bull. 5: 219 : 1931 Furkill calls this plant C. polyandra whereas in his Dictionary he gives it the name C. Swinglei: Where can I get the original description of Swinglei?

Yours sincerely,

M. F. F. F. F.

E. J. H. Corner, Esq.,  
Botanic Gardens,  
Singapore.

Mr. Furkado

Can you supply this information?  
J. H. C. 20/6/41

COPY

Botanic Gardens,  
Singapore,  
16.6.41

Dear Brown,

I am so sorry that you were sent the draft of my letter asking for plants instead of the typed copy. I meant to add the p.s. that

1. the tall tree with doubly pinnate leaves near your propagating shed is an Albizzia, probably A. saponaria but we have nothing exactly like it in the herbarium.
2. the Pithecellobium which we couldn't name, is still unable but I think it is near P. Kuns-  
6leri. If you could send pods, or flowers, I think I could name it.
3. the Eugenia near or among the Citrus-plants is Eugenia conglomerata, which is mentioned in Burkill's Dictionary.

Yours sincerely,

sd. E.J.H. Corner.

B 2.8/45

# The Colonial Government of the Straits Settlements

Head of Estimates

Singapore

Sub-head

Botanical Gardens, other charges

Dr. to  
Upkeep of Grounds, Govt. House Domain; page 55,  
item 9.

DATE	DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE OR ACCOUNT			
	Mr. J. A. Le Doux, 277, Tanglin Road, Singapore.		\$	c.
29.4.33	To 12 pots Spathoglottis Alba	2.50	30	00

the charges marked thus\*,  
, have been  
and PAID by me.

— COPY —

545/39 G 39

MEMORANDUM

From

Botanic Gardens,

Singapore,

11th June, 1941.

To

T.W. Brown, Esq.,

Central Experiment Station,

Serdang, Sungei Besi P.O.,

F.M.S.

Dear Brown,

--- I have at last the temerity to ask if you will supply this formidable list of plants. I must assure you our intention is not to rival or outsell Serdang but to have an educative Botanical Gardens abreast of modern work and requirements! My plans met with little or no success in Penang because the Resident Councillor has a mind of the late eighties and was unfortunately in the position to quash anything he did not comprehend. So we are to have a demonstration plot, as yet, in Singapore only.

2. Naturally, if we stumble on anything successful we will pass it on to you.

3. Very many thanks for your letter on non-graminaceous cattle fodders. It was very good of you to take so much trouble and the information is just what is wanted. I have two planter-friends in Johore with whom I

P.T.O.

B 2.8/46

have collaborated for several years and they will be most interested to follow your advice. One of them, W. Lloyd of Pendas Estate, will be visiting you shortly, I believe, at Serdang. He is an Italian-born British subject, but you need not be alarmed about that!

4. I am sending a plant-collector to get seeds and seedlings of the wild citrus-tree, *Burkillanthus*, in Malacca.

Again, with many thanks.

Yours sincerely,

sd. E.J.H. Corner

Planting Material requested from C.E.S., Serdang,  
by Director of Gardens, S.S.

Yams

Greater Yam - 3 kinds - 2 plants each  
Lesser Yam - 3 - 2 "

Papaya

"Singapore" - 4 plants  
"Hawaiian Breakfast" - 4 plants  
"Semangka" - 4 plants

Tapioca

Aipin Wangi - 8 cuttings  
Aipin Mentega - 8 "

Maize

U.S.D.A. 34 - 1 packet of seeds

Ragi (Eleusine)

- 1 -do-

Sweet Potatoes

3 varieties (named) - 12 cuttings of each variety

Bananas

3 suckers each of each of the well known popular varieties

Red Bean (Phaseolus calcaratus) - 1 packet of seeds

Avocado - 4 trees

Passiflora quadrangularis - 4 plants

Kumquat - Citrus Fortunei - 2 plants

Tahiti Lime - 4 plants

Italian Lime - 4 plants

Rough Lemon Stock - 2 plants

Seville Orange - 2 plants

Lemon - Villa France - 2 plants

Genoa - 2 "

Villa Granda - 2 "

Green Manures

Crotalaria anagyroides	}	a small packet of seeds of each
" usaramoensis		
Tephrosia candida		
" toxicaria		
" vogelii	)	

Cover-Crops

Calopogonium mucunoides	}	a small packet of seeds of each
Centrosema pubescens		
Dolichos Hosei		
Mikania scandens		
Pueraria phaseoloides		

Sugar Cane

4 cuttings of a good kind for "chewing"



Ipecacuana - 2 plants

Keladi Klang - 3 suckers

" Hongkong - 3 "

" variety from Nigeria - 3 suckers

" " Gabi " Philippines - 3 - "

Xanthosoma

var. Pungkis - 3 suckers

Curcuma domestica

Curcuma purpurascens ) 3 suckers each

Curcuma xanthorrhiza

Curcuma zedoaria

Alpinia galanga - 3 suckers

Zingiber cassumana - 3 suckers

Pogostemon - pachouli - 2 plants

Planting Material requested from C. K. S., Bandung,  
by Director of Gardens, S.S.

Yams

Greater Yam - 3 kinds - 2 plants each  
lesser Yam - 3 kinds - 2 plants each

Papaya

"Singapore" - 34 plants  
"Hawaiian Breakfast" - 48 plants  
"Semangka" - 48 plants

Tapioca

Aipin Wangi - 8 cuttings  
Aipin Mantega - 8 cuttings

Maize ~~Maize~~ - U.S. D.A. 34 - 1 packet of seeds

Ragi (Eleusine) - ~~1~~ 1 packet of seeds

Sweet Potato - 3 varieties (named) - 12 cuttings of each variety

Bananas - 3 suckers each of each of the well-known popular varieties.

Red Bean - (Phaseolus calcaratus) - 1 packet of seed

Avocado - 4 trees

~~Passiflora~~ *Passiflora quadrangularis* - 4 plants

Kumquat - Citrus Fortunei - 2 plants

Tahiti Lime - 4 plants

Italian Lime - 4 plants

Rough Lemon Stock - 2 plants

Seville Orange - 2 plants

Lemon - Villa Franca - 2 plants

Genoa - 2 plants

Villa Grandia - 2 plants

### Green Manures

~~Croton~~ *Crotalaria anagyroides*

~~Croton~~ " *usaramoensis*

*Tephrosia candida*

" *toxicaria*

" *vogelii*

a small packet of seed

of each

### Cover Crops

~~Calopogonium~~ *gucunates*  
*Centrosema*

Cover-crops

Calopogonium maculoides  
Centrosema pubescens  
Dolichos Kosei  
Mikania scandens  
Pueraria phaseoloides

a small patch of  
sugar cane

Sugar cane

4 cuttings of a good kind for "chewing".

Ipecacuanha 2 plants

Keladi Klang 3 plants suckers

" Hongkong 3 plants suckers

" variety from Nigeria 3 suckers

" " Jalai ... Philippines 3 suckers

Xanthosoma

var. Punglis - 3 suckers

Curcuma domestica

Curcuma purpurascens

Curcuma xanthorrhiza

Curcuma zedoaria

3 suckers each

Alpinia galanga - 3 suckers.

Zingiber cassumana 3 suckers

Pogostemon - patchuli 2 plants



KEH.  
It is requested that the following  
number be quoted in the reply  
to this letter.

549/39  
CENTRAL EXPERIMENT STATION,  
SERDANG, SUNGEI BESI, P.O.,  
FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

No. ....

10th June, 1941.

Dear Corner,

A great many thanks for your letter of 5.6.41.

The problem of non-graminaeaceous cattle fodders is one which has only recently begun to receive the attention it deserves. Our investigations have not gone very far and at the moment I can suggest only two plants which can be grown as a cover crop between the planting rows of young rubber and which can also be cut as fodder for stall feeding of cattle. They are the well known Centrosema pubescens and the less common Indigofera endecaphylla. Of the two, Indigofera is probably the better in that it regenerates more readily after cutting. Neither species, however, should be cut oftener than once every six months and cutting rounds should be organised accordingly. A further point to note is that neither cover should ever be cut at ground level; to do so would render the soil liable to erosion and recovery of the plants slow and uncertain. Cutting should be done 2-3 inches from ground level, and land of fair fertility (which should be maintained if possible by top-dressing of manure after cutting - the coolies would probably be willing to sacrifice some of their cattle manure and spread it themselves) should yield from 3 to 5 tons of green material per cutting per acre.

As regards palatability both Centrosema and Indigofera are relished by cattle. Being legumes, however, they are thought to be too rich to feed in such quantities as to satisfy the entire bulk requirements of an animal, and the solution to the problem would appear to be either:-

- (a) to give the animal sufficient pasture to satisfy half of its bulk requirement with grass ( $\frac{1}{4}$  acre of pasture per animal would probably be enough).

or

- (b) to stall feed it almost entirely and satisfy its bulk requirement as to half with coarse fodder grass which could be grown on a specially reserved area, and as to half with Centrosema or Indigofera

It might be worth mentioning that cattle readily graze young lalang which has not been permitted to grow coarse (cutting with a scythe or burning will rectify matters) and as a matter of fact if the grazing is continuous and sufficiently heavy, the lalang will eventually die out and more succulent grasses of the Axonopus and Paspalum types will take its place.

I know very little about Desmanthus virgatus as yet, and I would prefer that the material should not go out of my hands until I know more about it. In any case I have very little seed.

As regards cultivation of Centrosema and Indigofera your planter friend probably knows a great deal more about the game than I do. Should any information be required however it is readily available in this Department's leaflet ~~and~~ "Cover crops" a copy of which is enclosed. I am sorry that Serdang cannot at the moment supply any Indigofera cuttings, but these ought to be available in limited numbers later in the year, October/November. Indigofera seed is obtainable from the usual merchants, but I rather think it is expensive.

(Please convey my kind regards to Mrs. Corner.)

Yours sincerely,

066.3

Commonwealth of the Philippines  
Department of Agriculture and Commerce  
~~Bureau of Plant Industry~~  
Manila

RECEIVED



In reply please address  
THE DIRECTOR OF PLANT INDUSTRY  
MANILA, PHILIPPINES  
And refer to No. 545/39

D. of C. No. 545/39

JAN 13 1940 AM

Sir:

With reference to our letter to you of September 22, 1939, I have the honor to advise that we are mailing you today, a package containing 50 grams of Job's tears, Coffea lacryma-jobi.

Enclosed herewith is our plant inspection certificate (No. 7069) corresponding to the above-mentioned seeds.

Very respectfully

For and in the absence of the  
Director of Plant Industry:

Acknowledged and Ate form.

26.1.40

FRANCISCO D. MARQUEZ  
Chief of Agricultural Extension

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines)

Inc.

13

15-8  
"Tenants and landowner are partners and the LEASE, the partnership contract. No form of lease is wholly satisfactory unless farming is profitable and returns are fairly divided."

Recd  
24/1/40

Commonwealth of the Philippines  
Department of Agriculture and Commerce  
Bureau of Plant Industry  
Manila

## CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION OF PLANT MATERIALS *manila*

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the plant materials contained and included in the package 1 box of Adlay seeds in a paper case described below were thoroughly inspected by SEVERO MARQUEZ, a duly authorized Plant Quarantine Inspector of this Bureau, and were found, to the best of his knowledge, to be healthy and free from injurious insects and plant diseases. Moreover, this is to certify that the origin and examination of, and the treatment given to, the plant materials covered by this Certificate of Inspection have been found, verified and made to conform to the requirements of the laws and regulations relating to the plant quarantine and inspection service of Straits Settlements.

Certificate of Inspection No. 7069  
Place of Inspection Bureau of Plant Industry, Manila, Philippines  
Date of Inspection January 3, 1940

THE DIRECTOR OF PLANT INDUSTRY

*Severo Marquez*  
SEVERO MARQUEZ

This certificate of inspection expires 15 days after date of inspection. So if the plant materials are not exported within that period, they will have to be reinspected.

By \_\_\_\_\_

Plant Quarantine Officer

Port of Manila

Number and description of containers: One small package  
The Director, Botanic Gardens, Singapore,  
Distinguishing mark on containers: Straits Settlements

Names and descriptions of plant materials: Seed of Adlay, (Coix lacryma-jobi)Country and locality where grown: Malaybalay, Bukidnon, PhilippinesName and address of exporter: Director of Plant Industry, Manila, PhilippinesThe Director, Botanic Gardens, Singapore,Name and address of importer: Straits Settlements

Name and address of ultimate consignee: " " " "

Name of vessel carrying the shipment: By mailPort of shipment: ManilaApproximate date of shipment: January 4, 1940Port of landing: Singapore

Approximate date of landing: \_\_\_\_\_

(over)



# CAUTION

"Any person who violates or contravenes any of the provisions of this Administrative Order (Bureau of Plant Industry Administrative Order No. 10), or who forges, counterfeits, alters, defaces, or destroys any certificate or any paper issued by virtue of this Order, shall be liable to prosecution, and upon conviction shall suffer the penalty provided in Section 13 of Act No. 3027, which is a fine not exceeding one thousand pesos (P1,000), or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the Court, and such other penalties as are prescribed by the Revised Penal Code." (Paragraph 20, Administrative Order No. 10.)

January 6, 1940

Sir:

With reference to our letter to you of September 28, 1939, I have the honor to advise that we are mailing you today, a package containing 50 grams of Job's tears,

Coix lacryma-jobi L.

Enclosed herewith is our plant inspection certificate (No. 7069) corresponding to the above-mentioned seeds.

Very respectfully

For and in the absence of the  
Director of Plant Industry:

FRANCISCO E. LAROSA  
Chief of Agricultural Extension

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines)

Incl.

13

January 1, 1940

Sir:

With reference to our letter to you of September 28, 1939, I have the honor to advise that we are mailing you today, a package containing 50 grams of Job's tears, Coffea liberica.

Enclosed herewith is our plant inspection certificate (No. 7069) corresponding to the above-mentioned seeds.

Very respectfully

For and in the absence of the  
Director of Plant Industry:

FRANCIS M. S. S. S.  
Chief of Agricultural Extension

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines)

Incl.

13

No. 66/1970

of 1939.

From,

The Professor of Agriculture,  
Agricultural college, Poona.

To,

The Director of Gardens,  
Botanic gardens, Singapore,  
Straits Settlement,  
SINGAPORE.

College of Agriculture,

Poona, 12<sup>th</sup> October 1939.

Subject:- Seeds.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. REH/AW/546/39 -  
dated 11th September 1939 addressed to the Director of  
Agriculture, Bombay Province, Poona, I have the honour to  
inform you that 2 Ozs. of maize and  $\frac{1}{2}$  Oz. of white radish  
seed have been sent to you by sample post the receipt of  
which may please be acknowledged. As regards Voandzeia --  
Subterranea it is not grown here but it may be available  
from Madagaskar. Here Arachis hypogea is grown.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

*Chandram*

For Professor of Agriculture.

apv.

*Intended  
to see file. JH  
G. 11.7*

Post Box No. 45

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

"BOMAGRI"

FROM W.J.Jenkins Esqr., M.A., B.Sc., C.I.E., I.A.S.,  
~~THE~~ DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE,

BOMBAY PROVINCE,

POONA;

TO

The Director of Gardens,  
Botanic Gardens, Singapore,  
Straits Settlements.POONA, DATED 5<sup>th</sup> October 19 39

SUBJECT:— Supply of seeds.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No.546/39 dated the 11th ultimo, on the above subject, I have the honour to state that it has been forwarded for direct disposal to the Professor of Agriculture, Agricultural College, Poona, from whom you will hear in the matter shortly. You may also correspond direct with the above Officer in the matter.

I have the honour to be,  
Sir,  
Your most obedient servant,

*H. W. Jenkins*

For Director of Agriculture.

gvm 3/10

*mg**W. Jenkins**2.11.39.*

11th October, 1939.

Seeds.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No.547/39 of the 11th September 1939, and to advise despatch per parcel post, of the following seed which I hope will reach you in good condition:

Coix lachryma-jobi - 2 oz.

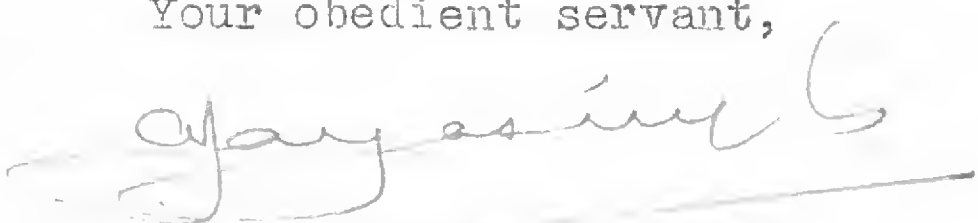
Maize ... - 3 oz.

Papaya - 2 oz. of each of 2 varieties.

- 
2. A copy of the inspection certificate is enclosed.
  3. Please accept the seed with my compliments.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

  
for Director of Agriculture.  
M. S. M. S. M. S.

The Director of Gardens,  
Botanic Gardens, Singapore,  
Straits Settlements.

*acknowledged  
2/11/39*

*Mr. J. S. M. S.  
to supply the  
seeds and the seed*

*19.10.39.*



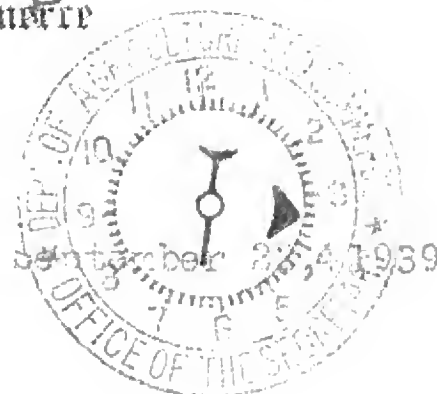


RECEIVED

066.3

Commonwealth of the Philippines  
Department of Agriculture and Commerce  
Bureau of Plant Industry  
Manila

In reply please address  
THE DIRECTOR OF PLANT INDUSTRY  
MANILA, PHILIPPINES  
And refer to No. *6666 31*



S i r :

With reference to your letter (No. 545/39) *SEP 29 1939* of September 11, 1939, asking some seeds of Job's tears, Coix lacryma-jobi, I have the honor to inform you that this Bureau will be glad to supply you with same as soon as this plant comes in season, which will be in November or December, this year.

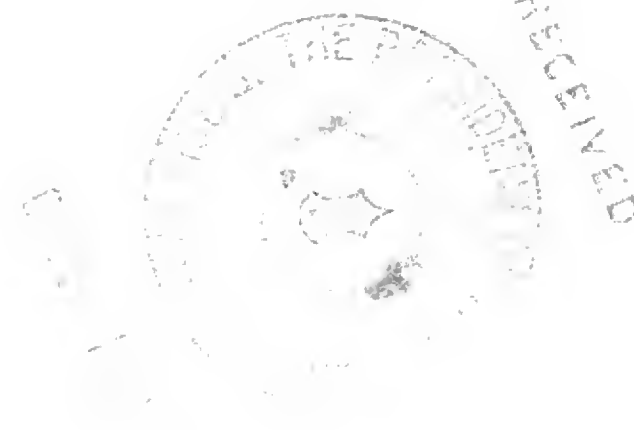
very respectfully

HILARION S. SILAYAN  
Director of Plant Industry

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines

13



"Tenants and landowner are partners and the LEASE, the partnership contract. No form of lease is wholly satisfactory unless farming is profitable and returns are fairly divided."

*Mark Ann*  
*12-10-39*  
*File attn.*  
*12-10-39*  
*2030*

*Seen*  
*R*  
*16-10-39*

September 22, 1939

S i r :

With reference to your letter (No. 545/39) of September 11, 1939, asking some seeds of Job's tears, Coix lacryma-jobi. I have the honor to inform you that this Bureau will be glad to supply you with same as soon as this plant comes in season, which will be in November or December, this year.

Very respectfully

HILARION S. SILANAN  
Director of Plant Industry

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines)

13

SEP 25 1939

September 22, 1939

S i r :

With reference to your letter (No. 545/39) of September 11, 1939, asking some seeds of Job's tears, Coix lacrymaria. I have the honor to inform you that this Bureau will be glad to supply you with same as soon as this plant comes in season, which will be in November or December, this year.

Very respectfully

HILARION S. SILAFAN  
Director of Plant Industry

The Director  
Botanic Gardens  
Singapore, Straits Settlements

(Through the Honorable  
The Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce  
Manila, Philippines)

13

SEP 26 1939

for  
L.H.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, S.S. & F.M.S.

CENTRAL EXPERIMENT STATION,

SERDANG,

SUNGEI BESI P.O.

28 September, 1939

D. of G. No. 548/39.

The undermentioned material has been forwarded you today  
in accordance with your order :—

12 Green Eggs Tobacco

Rail consignment note enclosed.

*Abd. Raffer*  
Agriculturist, i/c.

To

The Director of Gardens  
S.S.  
Singapore.

*Blackman*

B 2, 8/62

as per order

24/9/39



It is requested that the following  
number be quoted in the reply  
to this letter.

CENTRAL EXPERIMENT STATION,  
SERDANG, SUNGEI BESI. P.O.,  
FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

No. 2 of 269 - 552/39.

15th. September, 1939.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge  
receipt of your letter dated the 11th. instant  
(No. 548/39), and to inform you that Tapioca  
cuttings, Papaya seeds and a few shoots of  
Arrow Root will be forwarded to you in a few  
days. Tubers of Yams will become available  
in February next.

2. I regret we have no seeds of Voandzeia  
subterranea and Cyamopsis psoraloides.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. Cook.  
Agriculturist i/c.

The Director,  
Botanic Gardens,  
Singapore.  
-----

h. Fuchs

6.9.39

16.9.39



REH/AW.

548/39.

11th September

9.

Sir,

I have the honour to request that you will supply planting material of the following, so far as available:-

Tapioca, two or three good varieties:

50 cuttings each.

Dioscorea: small quantities of any good varieties available.

Papaya: Hawaiian Breakfast, <sup>102.</sup> ~~102.~~ seeds.

Voandzeia subterranea: a small quantity of seed for trial.

Cyamopsis psoraloides: a small quantity of seed for trial.

*Assam root: enough for 2 doz. plants*

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

*R*  
R. E. Holtum,  
Director of Gardens, S.S.

The Agriculturist,  
Department of Agriculture,  
Kuala Lumpur,  
F.M.S.

*Scd. 26 1939*

*B 2.8/15*

## DRAFT

Fair Copy

Signed by

}

548/39

19 .

To

The Agricultural  
Survey of Agriculture  
etc.

Sir,

I am the one to request that  
you will send me a quantity of the following  
materials of the following, as far as  
available:

Figures - 100 to 1000 of each variety:  
100 of each

Dispersal: small quantities of any  
not available

Papaya: American Breakfast, 100 seeds

Vandana: 100 seeds  
from seed of 100 for trial

Cyanocephalus phalides: a small  
quantity of 100 for trial.

Yours  
Sincerely

REH/AW.

547/39.

11th September

9.

Dear Sir,


I should be grateful if you could send me a small quantity of seeds of the following for trial here:-

Coix lachryma-jobi (Job's tears).

Maize (races suitable to wet districts).

Papaya (two or three of your best varieties).

Yours faithfully,

  
R.E. Holtum,  
Director of Gardens, S.S.

The Director of Agriculture,  
Peradeniya,  
Ceylon.

*Seeds Recd 1939*

B 28/67

**DRAFT**

Fair Copy

Signed by

} 547/35

11-9-19

 $T_0$ 

The Society of Agricultural  
Residence Ceylon

Sir,

REH/AW.

546/39.

11th September

9.

Dear Sir,

I should be grateful if you would send me a small quantity of seeds of the following for trial here:-


White radish (a local slender-rooted variety).

Maize (any races suited to rainy districts).

Voandzeia subterranea (Bambarra groundnut).

I shall be pleased to pay any expenses in connection with supply of the above.

Yours faithfully,

  
R.E. Holtum,  
Director of Gardens, S.S.

The Director of Agriculture,  
Bombay Presidency,  
Poona,  
India.

Seeds Recd 1939

B 2.8/69

**DRAFT**

Fair Copy

Signed by

546 / 39

19

 $T_0$ 

The Doctor of Agriculture, University  
Prairie, Ill.

Sir,

~~2. A.~~

Panc  
white red  
thin in var.  
Vondgen  
Horse

B 28/70 ~~maize~~ ~~maize~~



RML/AM.

5/5/33.


1541 Santo Domingo

9.

Dear Sir,

I should be grateful if you  
could send to me a small quantity of  
seeds of a good variety of Job's Tears  
(*Coix lachryma-job*) for trial here.

Yours faithfully,

  
R.M. Holtum,  
Director of Gardens, S.S.

The Director of Agriculture,  
Manila,  
Philippine Islands.

*Seeds File 1939.*



F. pyriformis

(lar. more orange)

Riverside Cig ~~Bush~~ Bay

A sprawling shrub with ~~Ter~~ up to 8' high, with Terminalia branching.

Leaf blade  $2-5\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}$  1" narrow, lanceolate, <sup>dark green with white dots</sup> stalk  $1-.3$ " long, red on the upper side.

F<sub>1</sub> is  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " wide, pear-shaped set with 5-10  $\frac{1}{2}$ " long, tubular ribs, green  
flamed pink red or purple (? more when ripe) the stalks  $\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{4}$ " long, dark red.  
in pairs in the leaf-axils.

India, Ceylon, Malay Peninsula: common in the roots & banks of Saraca streams  
(p. ) from lower Perak, northward, not in the south, up to 5500' altitude

This is a typical ~~type~~ of Saraca streams in the northern  
half of the Peninsula. ~~like the~~

Like the riverside Saraca, this fig-~~tree~~ may ~~form~~ <sup>recurrence</sup> form  
low carpeting ~~edges~~ <sup>edges</sup> on ~~rock~~ rocks in mid-stream. Its ~~distribution~~  
is stronger limb in Malaya.